LCO No. 3506

AN ACT CONCERNING THE PAYMENT OF A REASONABLE FEE TO AN OFFICER OR PERSON WHO RECORDS A NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS IN THE OFFICE OF A TOWN CLERK.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 52-261 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):
- 4 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and section 5 52-261a, each officer or person who serves process, summons or 6 attachments on behalf of: (1) An official of the state or any of its 7 agencies, boards or commissions, or any municipal official acting in his 8 or her official capacity, shall receive a fee of not more than thirty 9 dollars for each process served and an additional fee of thirty dollars 10 for the second and each subsequent service of such process, except that 11 such officer or person shall receive an additional fee of ten dollars for 12 each subsequent service of such process at the same address or for 13 notification of the office of the Attorney General in dissolution and 14 postjudgment proceedings if a party or child is receiving public 15 assistance; and (2) any person, except a person described in 16 subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall receive a fee of not more than 17 forty dollars for each process served and an additional fee of forty 18 dollars for the second and each subsequent service of such process,

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except that such officer or person shall receive an additional fee of twenty dollars for each subsequent service of such process at the same address or for notification of the office of the Attorney General in dissolution and postjudgment proceedings if a party or child is receiving public assistance. Each such officer or person shall also receive the fee set by the Department of Administrative Services for state employees for each mile of travel, to be computed from the place where such officer or person received the process to the place of service, and thence in the case of civil process to the place of return. If more than one process is served on one person at one time by any such officer or person, the total cost of travel for the service shall be the same as for the service of one process only. Each officer or person who serves process shall also receive the moneys actually paid for town clerk's fees on the service of process. Any officer or person required to summon jurors by personal service of a warrant to attend court shall receive for the first ten miles of travel while so engaged, such mileage to be computed from the place where such officer or person receives the process to the place of service, twenty-five cents for each mile, and for each additional mile, ten cents. For summoning any juror to attend court otherwise than by personal service of the warrant, such officer or person shall receive only the sum of fifty cents and actual disbursements necessarily expended by such officer or person in making service thereof as directed. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, for summoning grand jurors, such officer or person shall receive only such officer's or person's actual expenses and such reasonable sum for services as are taxed by the court. The following fees shall be allowed and paid: (A) For taking bail or bail bond, one dollar; (B) for copies of writs and complaints, exclusive of endorsements, one dollar per page, not to exceed a total amount of nine hundred dollars in any particular matter; (C) for endorsements, forty cents per page or fraction thereof; (D) for service of a warrant for the seizure of intoxicating liquors, or for posting and leaving notices after the seizure, or for the destruction or delivery of any such liquors under order of court, twenty dollars; (E) for the removal and custody of such liquors so seized, reasonable expenses, and twenty dollars; (F)

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54 for the levy of an execution, when the money is actually collected and 55 paid over, or the debt or a portion of the debt is secured by the officer, 56 fifteen per cent on the amount of the execution, provided the 57 minimum fee for such execution shall be thirty dollars; (G) on the levy 58 of an execution on real property and on application for sale of personal 59 property attached, to each appraiser, for each half day of actual 60 service, reasonable and customary expenses; (H) for causing an execution levied on real property to be recorded, fees for travel, twenty 61 62 dollars and costs; (I) for services on an application for the sale of 63 personal property attached, or in selling mortgaged property 64 foreclosed under a decree of court, the same fees as for similar services 65 on executions; (J) for committing any person to a community 66 correctional center, in civil actions, twenty-one cents a mile for travel, 67 from the place of the court to the community correctional center, in 68 lieu of all other expenses; [and] (K) for summoning and attending a 69 jury for reassessing damages or benefits on a highway, three dollars a 70 day; and (L) for any recording for which the recording fee is not 71 otherwise prescribed by law, a reasonable fee. The court shall tax as 72 costs a reasonable amount for the care of property held by any officer 73 under attachment or execution. The officer serving any attachment or 74 execution may claim compensation for time and expenses of any 75 person, in keeping, securing or removing property taken thereon, 76 provided such officer shall make out a bill. The bill shall specify the 77 labor done, and by whom, the time spent, the travel, the money paid, if 78 any, and to whom and for what. The compensation for the services 79 shall be reasonable and customary and the amount of expenses and 80 shall be taxed by the court with the costs.

Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 52-361a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 83 October 1, 2016):

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(d) The levying officer shall levy on all earnings which are due or become due to the judgment debtor to the extent specified in the wage execution plus the levying officer's fee and costs, until the judgment is satisfied, or the execution is modified or set aside, by serving the

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employer with the wage execution, the required notice of rights and the claim forms. On receipt thereof, the employer shall forthwith deliver a copy thereof to the judgment debtor, or mail such copy postage prepaid to the judgment debtor at his last-known address. On service of the wage execution on the employer, the wage execution shall automatically be stayed for a period of twenty days and shall thereafter immediately become a lien and continuing levy on such portion of the judgment debtor's earnings as is specified in the wage execution, provided if a claim is filed in accordance with subsection (d) of section 52-361b within twenty days of such service on the employer, the stay shall continue until determination of the claim. Any service of process or other notice required under this section may be made in accordance with section 52-57 or by certified mail, return receipt requested, provided a levying officer may make such service by mail [only] to (1) an address within such officer's appointed jurisdiction, or (2) in a case involving an employer whose address is not within such levying officer's appointed jurisdiction, to the address designated by the employer.

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This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2016	52-261(a)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2016	52-361a(d)

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